	1 2	Hearing date: Friday, September 20, 2019 Hearing time: 1:30 p.m.							
	3	Judge/Calendar: Hon. James J. Dixon							
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	6								
	7	STATE OF WASHINGTON							
	8	THURSTON COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT							
	9	STATE OF WASHINGTON, NO. 17-2-01546-34							
	10	Plaintiff, AMENDED JUDGMENT AGAINST							
,	11	WILLIAM AGAZARM AND CITIZEN v. SOLUTIONS, LLC [PROPOSED]							
K.	12	TIM EYMAN, et al.,							
	13	Defendants.							
	14								
	15	I. JUDGMENT SUMMARY (RCW 4.64.030)							
	16	A. JUDGMENT CREDITOR: Plaintiff STATE OF WASHINGTON							
	17	B. JUDGMENT DEBTORS: WILLIAM AGAZARM, individually, and CITIZEN							
	18	SOLUTIONS, LLC, a Washington limited liability company.							
	19	C. PRINCIPAL JUDGMENT: \$150,000 as to WILLIAM AGAZARM, individually; and							
	20	\$150,000 as to CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC,							
	21	individually; and							
	22	\$117,500 as to WILLIAM AGAZARM and CITIZEN							
	23	SOLUTIONS, LLC, jointly and severally.							
	24	D. COSTS AND FEES: As to Defendant WILLIAM AGAZARM and CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC, jointly and severally, combined							
	25	reasonable attorneys' fees - \$578,945.41 and costs - \$43,310.26.							
	26	φτυ _ν υ 10.20.							

	2	E.		INTEREST:	No prejudgment interest is owed. Interest will accrue on principal judgment amounts at 12% per year starting 30 days from the date of this judgment.
	3			A PROPERTY STATE	
	4	F.		ATTORNEYS FOR JUDGMENT CREDITOR:	ROBERT W. FERGUSON, Attorney General ERIC S. NEWMAN, WSBA #31521
•	5				Chief Litigation Counsel – Antitrust Division S. TODD SIPE, WSBA #23203
	6				PAUL M. CRISALLI, WSBA #40681 Assistant Attorneys General
	7	G.		ATTORNEY FOR	MARK C. LAMB, WSBA #30134
	8	0.		JUDGMENT DEBTORS:	THE NORTH CREEK LAW FIRM
	9			н.	EVIDENCE RELIED UPON
	10		1.	Declaration of Linda A. Dalt	on, with attachment;
	11		2.	Declaration of Eric S. Newm	an, with attachment;
	12		3.	Supplemental Declaration of	Eric S. Newman, with attachment;
	13			Declaration of Jeffrey T. Spr	
	14			• •	,
	15		5.	Declaration of S. Todd Sipe,	with attachment;
	16		6.	Declaration of Paul M. Crisa	lli, with attachment;
	17		7.	Declaration of Walter Smith,	with attachment;
	18		8.	First Declaration of Tony Pe	rkins, with attachments;
	19		9.	Second Declaration of Tony	Perkins, with attachment;
	20			•	ration of Tony Perkins, with attachment; and
	21			**	•
	22		11.	Declaration of Lisa Boggess,	with attachment. Fire S. Newman, with attachments A and B, FINDINGS OF FACT
13D	23		(fr	Piled 9.20.19 III.	FINDINGS OF FACT
	24			On September 20, 2019, th	is Court held an evidentiary hearing set by the State of
	25	Wa	shi	ngton, of which the Citizen So	olutions Defendants received notice and in which they were
	26	pro	vid	ed an opportunity to participa	te. Based on that hearing and the submissions and evidence

submitted by the parties, pursuant to CR 55(b)(2), the Court makes the following Findings of beiefs submitted by Fact, based on the Evidence Relied Upon listed above, as well as the briefing and eral-arguments both parties.

from the parties.

A. Summary of Findings

The Citizen Solutions Defendants participated in a scheme with the specific intent to circumvent the disclosure requirements of RCW 42.17A, the State's Fair Campaign Practices Act (FCPA), as described below.

In July 2012, Citizen Solutions, LLC made a payment of \$308,185 to Defendant Tim Eyman, Watchdog for Taxpayer's LLC (Defendant Watchdog), which was personally authorized by Defendant William Agazarm (Defendant Agazarm) to benefit Defendant Tim Eyman (Defendant Eyman) personally, as well as to support another initiative campaign. That payment was a kickback made by the Citizen Solutions Defendants with the specific intent to violate the FCPA by concealing from the public the purpose of five expenditures of donor funds to Citizen Solutions, LLC, which were contributed to support Initiative 1185 (I-1185).

Defendant Agazarm personally approved Citizen Solutions' kickback payment to the Eyman Defendants. Defendant Agazarm did so with the knowledge that Defendant Eyman planned to and, in fact, did use the funds for his own personal expenses and to support the signature-gathering effort for a different Eyman-supported initiative, Initiative I-517 (I-517). The kickback was funded by five expenditures, two from Defendant Eyman's own committee

¹ These Findings of Fact are made only with respect to Defendants William Agazarm and Citizen Solutions, LLC (Citizen Solutions Defendants). Though they reference Defendant Tim Eyman and Defendant Tim Eyman, Watchdog for Taxpayers LLC (Eyman Defendants), they are not binding on the Eyman Defendants unless such findings are made in another order of this Court.

Voters Want More Choices – Save the 2/3rds (Mike Fagan) (VWMC) and three from other Political Action Committees (PAC), all of which were solicited by Defendant Eyman.

By way of this kickback, Citizen Solutions Defendants conspired with Defendant Eyman to intentionally cause VWMC to file false reports to the Public Disclosure Commission (PDC), which misstated the purpose of four expenditures, and, in one case, concealed an expenditure altogether. Neither the Citizen Solutions Defendants nor Defendant Eyman disclosed to the public, the PDC, or to VWMC, that Defendant Eyman was receiving the Citizen Solutions Defendants' \$308,185 kickback of contributed funds.

The Court finds that the Citizen Solutions Defendants acted with the specific intent to violate the FCPA based on their long-history of laundering campaign donations to conceal from the public how those donations were being spent, as well as documents admitting or supporting a finding of intent, as described below.

The Court finds that the Citizen Solutions Defendants not only knew the extent of Defendant Eyman's scheme, but actively assisted with his violations, helping him mislead contributors into believing their contributions would go to support ballot initiatives, when in fact, they were benefiting Defendant Eyman personally. Crucially, the Citizen Solutions Defendants assisted Defendant Eyman in laundering payments purportedly for signature gathering, which were made after the signature gathering was completed and accepted by the Citizen Solutions Defendants solely to conceal that they were being funneled to Defendant Eyman.

B. Citizen Solutions' History of Malfeasance

The Citizen Solutions Defendants accepted complicity in Defendant Eyman's schemes as the cost of doing business with Defendant Eyman, schemes that have been ongoing for more than a decade. During the State's investigation, an interview was conducted of Edward Agazarm,

one of the owners of Citizen Solutions Inc.², which was co-owned with Roy Ruffino. First Declaration of Tony Perkins (First Perkins Decl.) ¶ 16. Edward Agazarm testified that from the beginning of Citizen Solutions Inc.'s business relationship with Defendant Eyman in 2004, Defendant Eyman had sought and received payments from the signature-gathering firm. *Id.*; Ex. A. His testimony identified a history of intermittent payments from Citizen Solutions to Defendant Eyman, ranging from \$5,000 to \$100,000. *Id.* ¶ 18. Mr. Agazarm testified that the payments compensated Defendant Eyman for services, including the "service" of providing the business of Defendant Eyman's own signature drives to Citizen Solutions—in other words, kickbacks. *Id.*

Defendant Eyman's own responses to the State's interrogatories admit that "in some of the years between 2004 and 2008," he received financial payments from Citizen Solutions Inc. *Id.* ¶ 19; Ex. B. Defendant Eyman characterized these payments as "gifts," not payments for services. *Id.* However, Defendant Eyman acknowledges documents that describe the kickbacks he received from Citizen Solutions and its principals, and in the documents he tacitly acknowledges the payments were for services rendered. *Id.* ¶ 56; Ex. R.

1. 2010 Concealment and Kickback Schemes: Initiative 1053

Defendant Eyman wrote a letter to one of the two co-owners of Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC, Roy Ruffino, dated May 19, 2010. First Perkins Decl. ¶ 23; Ex. C. In the letter, Defendant Eyman alluded to a history of receiving payments from the owners of the signature-

² Citizen Solutions Inc. was a precursor to Citizen Solutions, LLC. Citizen Solutions Inc. was owned by Roy Ruffino and Edward Agazarm, while Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC is owned by Roy Ruffino and William Agazarm. First Perkins Decl. ¶ 17. They are both signature-gathering firms. *Id.* Citizen Solutions Inc. ceased operating in the early months of 2012, and its work was taken over by Citizen Solutions, LLC. *Id.* Though he was not an owner of Citizen Solutions, LLC, Edward Agazarm continued to be regularly involved in the business including assisting in the Eyman kickback scheme. *Id.*

gathering company. He wrote, "This year, Im [sic] hopeful that you and Eddie will provide another generous renumeration³ [sic] check to me in December[.]" *Id.* ¶ 24. Defendant Eyman specifically states that the kickback he was soliciting would compensate him for providing the business of his own political committee, VWMC, to Citizen Solutions for the I-1053 signature drive. *Id.* Defendant Eyman then proposed a scheme to increase the amount of his kickback payment by padding the price VWMC would pay Citizen Solutions per signature for I-1053. *Id.* ¶ 25. Defendant Eyman stated: "weve [sic] agreed to have Citizen Solutions collect signatures for \$2.00 each. Im [sic] doing my best to raise money from the business community at a rate of \$2.50 per signature. My goal is to have Voters Want More Choices pay Citizen Solutions the agreed upon \$2 per sig plus \$150,000 so that you have an extra \$150,000 to provide to me." *Id.*; see Ex. C.

On March 12, 2010, Roy Ruffino sent an email to Defendant Eyman, quoting a price of \$2.00 per signature for I-1053. *Id.* ¶ 27; Ex. D. On March 15, 2010, Defendant Eyman forwarded that email to donors to the I-1053 campaign; however, in the forwarded email, Ruffino's quote was altered by Defendant Eyman to \$2.50 per signature, in furtherance of the plan later described in Defendant Eyman's May 19 letter to Ruffino. *Id.* ¶ 28; Ex. E.

Defendant Eyman's 2010 scheme is indicative of a pattern in which Defendant Eyman both concealed kickbacks he received from Citizen Solutions and defrauded contributors to his political committee in order to fund the concealed payments. *Id.* ¶ 29. That Defendant Eyman would inform Roy Ruffino of this fraud highlights the Citizen Solutions Defendants' complicity

³ Defendant Eyman admits these checks were for services and not gifts. First Perkins Decl. ¶ 26. Though he misspelled it, he used the term remuneration, which means "[m]oney paid for work or a service," Lexico, https://www.lexico.com/en/definition/remuneration (last visited Aug. 16, 2019).

in Defendant Eyman's scheme. Id.

2. 2011 Concealment and Kickback Schemes: Initiative 1125

Another example of information Citizen Solutions concealed is information concerning Defendant Eyman's solicitation and receipt of hundreds of thousands of dollars from Roy Ruffino and Edward Agazarm in 2011 and 2012 that spanned the tenure of the two Citizen Solutions companies. First Perkins Decl. ¶31. Defendant Eyman produced through discovery an email he sent to his accounting firm on May 11, 2011. *Id.* ¶32; Ex. F. In the email, Defendant Eyman sought information concerning the tax requirements connected with financial gifts. *Id.* On May 13, 2011, Defendant Eyman received a response to his inquiry and forwarded it to Citizen Solutions Inc. principal Edward Agazarm. *Id.* The forwarded email asserted that a single person could make gifts of \$13,000 to each of Defendant Eyman's family members without disclosing those payments to the Internal Revenue Service. *Id.* ¶33.

In the 2011 election season, Defendant Eyman's political committee paid Citizen Solutions Inc. \$1,008,000 to gather signatures for I-1125. *Id.* ¶ 34. These expenditures were disclosed in campaign finance reports filed with the PDC. *Id.* Following the 2011 campaign, Citizen Solutions' principals made \$86,000 in payments to Defendant Eyman, his wife Karen, and their three minor children. *Id.* ¶ 35. These payments were documented in Defendant Eyman's banking records. *Id.* The payments were made through two \$13,000 personal checks from Roy Ruffino, and the remaining \$60,000 through cashier's checks purchased by Edward Agazarm. *Id.*; Ex. G. None of the checks exceeded the IRS gift reporting threshold of \$13,000. *Id.*

Defendant Eyman's wife Karen Eyman was not aware that Roy Ruffino or Edward Agazarm had ever given her or her children financial gifts. *Id.* ¶ 36; Ex. H. She did not socialize with Mr. Ruffino or Edward Agazarm. *Id.* She could not recall ever having a personal

conversation with either of them and was not certain that she had ever met Edward Agazarm. *Id.*These payments were kickbacks, which were paid in this manner in order to conceal them from public scrutiny in violation of the FCPA.

3. 2012 Concealment and Kickback Schemes: Tim Eyman Letters to Roy Ruffino

Defendant Eyman received additional payments from the owners of Citizen Solutions. First Perkins Decl. ¶ 37. In a letter dated August 3, 2012 addressed to Roy Ruffino, Defendant Eyman referred to additional payments he had received from Edward Agazarm: \$130,000⁴ in total payments he termed "gifts" for 2010 and 2011. *Id.*; Ex. I. That letter indicates that the additional payments he expected from Roy Ruffino were not optional: "[T]his letter . . . concerns resolving the 2010 and 2011 stuff. Eddie provided \$130,000 as a financial gift for those two years – you said you'd do the same . . . I'd like us to agree on the amount still outstanding and for you to let me know your gift payment plan You need to come up with one." *Id.* ¶ 38; *see* Ex. I. This letter was sent after Citizen Solutions Inc. ceased operations and was replaced by Citizen Solutions, LLC, which was half-owned by Defendant William Agazarm. *Id.*

In a November 15, 2012 letter to Roy Ruffino, Defendant Eyman pressured Ruffino to provide tens of thousands of dollars in payments to Defendant Eyman that year and the next. *Id.* ¶ 39; Ex. J. The letter referred to other payments that Ruffino had already made to Defendant Eyman: "You generously gave me \$9900 on September 22nd (and a nice bottle of champagne!!) so that leaves \$35,100 for the rest of 2012 and still \$39,000 for 2013. Roy, I ask that you please schedule a few more lunches from now until December 31st so you can 'max gift' by the end of

⁴ This is the exact amount Defendant Eyman would receive if Citizen Solutions gave each of the five Eymans \$13,000 in each of two years, which reflects all of the parties' efforts to keep these payments concealed from the public.

the year. You're making great progress on this and I continue to be extremely grateful for your continued help on it." *Id.*; *see* Ex. J. Based on Defendant Eyman's banking records produced through discovery, it appears the \$9,900 deposit in September 2012 was made in cash. *Id.* ¶ 40; Ex. K. Defendant Eyman admits receiving this \$9,900 payment. *Id.* ¶ 41; *see* Ex. B.

Defendant Eyman's banking records document \$95,900 in payments that Roy Ruffino and Edward Agazarm made to the Eyman family members. *Id.* ¶ 42. Documents identify at least \$90,000 in additional payments from the two men. *Id.* Defendant Eyman's correspondence indicates that Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC was aware that payments Roy Ruffino and Edward Agazarm made to Defendant Eyman and his family were kickbacks. *Id.* ¶ 43. These payments were kickbacks, which were paid in such a manner as to conceal them from public scrutiny.

4. 2012 Concealment and Kickback Schemes: Initiatives 1185 and 517

Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC's banking records show that from April 11 – July 6, 2012, Defendant Eyman's political committee and other sponsors paid Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC \$1,245,475 to gather signatures to qualify I-1185 for the 2012 ballot. First Perkins Decl. ¶ 46. Defendant Eyman's political committee VWMC paid \$623,325 of this amount, and other contributors and sponsors paid the remaining \$622,150, which were solicited by Defendant Eyman. *Id.* ¶ 47. During the I-1185 signature drive, Edward Agazarm contacted Defendant Eyman on May 15, 2012 and again on June 26, 2012, to discuss an increase in the price of initiative signatures. *Id.* ¶ 48; Ex. L, Ex. M. Defendant Eyman agreed on May 15, 2012, that the price of I-1185 signatures should be raised 50 cents per signature. *Id.* ¶ 49; Ex. N. The email from Edward Agazarm to Defendant Eyman on June 26, 2012 stated, "[Defendant] William [Agazarm] has asked me to bring you up to date," and referred to "It]he \$270,000

Id.; see Ex. R. The \$270,000 is the identical amount that Edward Agazarm would later state was "outstanding on the contract" for I-1185 signatures. Id.

Defendant Eyman's statements in the June 5, 2012 email made clear that funds being paid to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC would not be used exclusively to fund signature gathering for I-1185 but would be converted to Defendant Eyman's personal use. *Id.* ¶ 58. The communication also indicates that the payments Defendant Eyman anticipated from Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC did not hinge on any services that Defendant Eyman would perform for the company, other than having brought the I-1185 work to Citizen Solutions, LLC. *Id.*

In light of this letter, the Citizen Solutions Defendants knew on June 5, 2012 that they would receive payments for a concealed purpose, i.e., to fund a kickback to Defendant Eyman. *Id.* ¶ 59. Regardless of the justification for increased payments to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC, Defendant Eyman continued to press I-1185 supporters for additional funds for signature gathering. *Id.* ¶ 60. On many occasions, Defendant Eyman contacted contributors to warn that without additional payments to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC, I-1185 might fail to qualify for the ballot. *Id.* In an email to key fundraisers on June 20, 2012, Defendant Eyman stated,

It is abundantly clear that the sigs will be there if the \$\$ are there. To pay for exactly 300,000 signatures, the signature drive budget is \$1,388,000 I have recently learned that donations received so far (as of last Friday) total \$1,197,500. There is roughly \$150,000 in donations not received but waiting to come in (it was closer to \$200,000 but two \$25,000 pledges fell through). Again, that's the budget to hit EXACTLY 300,000. But I must quickly add that there must be a cushion of \$\$ for signatures ABOVE THE MINIMUM. We've all invested too much time and energy and money to be penny-wise but pound-foolish when it comes to ensuring enough signatures are turned in to guarantee the initiative qualifies for the ballot

Id. ¶ 61; Ex. S. On May 21, 2018, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC's bank records document the business's financial transactions during the I-1185 signature drive. Id. ¶ 62. Those records

show that on July 3, 2012, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC made its last payments to the petitioning firms that had gathered I-1185 signatures. *Id.* ¶ 63; Ex. U.

Though all I-1185 signatures had already been paid for, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC continued to accept payments after July 3, 2012, receiving a total of \$242,975 from the Washington Beer and Wine Distributors Association, the Association of Washington Business Political Action Committee, and Defendant Eyman's political committee Voters Want More Choices. *Id.* ¶ 64; Ex. T. Defendant Eyman's committee alone provided \$170,825, funded through hundreds of contributions from individuals, businesses, and other entities, *Id.*

One example of payments that were converted to the kickback was a large in-kind contribution of \$27,150 from the Washington Beer and Wine Distributors Association, transferred directly to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC on July 5, 2012 to support I-1185. *Id.* ¶ 67; see Ex. T. Defendant Eyman and Defendant Agazarm worked together to facilitate this transfer of funds. *Id.* Due to Defendant Eyman and Defendant Agazarm's intentional concealment efforts, the in-kind contribution was not disclosed by VWMC in its PDC reports at all, let alone as a kickback to Defendant Eyman, which was its true purpose. *Id.*

The \$27,150 in funds that the Washington Beer and Wine Distributors Association provided on July 5, 2012, were not used for their intended purpose, to support I-1185. *Id.* ¶ 68. The contribution and one hundred percent of the other funds that I-1185 supporters paid to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC after July 3, 2012, were forwarded to Defendant Eyman. *Id.*

On July 8, 2012, Defendant Eyman participated in an email exchange with Defendant Agazarm and Edward Agazarm. *Id.* ¶ 69. The topic of the exchange was Defendant Eyman's efforts to obtain a payment from Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC in 2012. *Id.*; Ex. W. In the July 8, 2012 email, Defendant Agazarm assured Defendant Eyman that his payment was

forthcoming, writing, "My first and foremost goal is to ensure that you get paid what is properly owed this year and to make it happen promptly. There should be no reason... that should prevent you from getting paid immediately." *Id.* ¶ 70; *see* Ex. W. Defendant Agazarm indicated that Roy Ruffino, the company's other member, was not aware of the purpose of the payments: "While you are trying to avoid telling Roy exactly what the funds are for, you could always tell him you are working on 'something' with Paul Jacobs [sic] and hoping to grow some national recognition from it." *Id.*; *see* Ex. W.

In a reply sent the same day, Defendant Eyman indicated that the true purpose of the funds was to fund an initiative signature drive through payments laundered through Paul Jacob's organization Citizens in Charge. *Id.* ¶ 71. Defendant Eyman wrote that he:

promised Paul a payment early this week so eager to follow through on that and get the ball rolling (you said some petitioners want to do it on speculation but better to get them locked in early). [T]alked to Brian today and he'll have petitions printed tomorrow (Monday). [S]trike while the iron's hot. [T]his morning I talked to head of Citizens Alliance for Property Rights (CAPR) -- they've got a board meeting this Friday night at which I'll present I-517.

Id.; see Ex. W.

On July 11, 2014, Defendant Eyman acknowledged that the signature drive being discussed in the email was I-517: "Seems pretty clear ... as the email below or the next paragraph makes clear, we are talking about 517." *Id.* ¶ 72; Ex. X. So, the Citizen Solutions Defendants knew on July 8, 2012, that Defendant Eyman would use the funds for additional concealed purposes. *Id.* ¶ 73. The Citizen Solutions Defendants nevertheless stated their intent to provide the funds to Eyman. *Id.*

On July 11, 2012, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC made a wire transfer of \$308,185 to Defendant Watchdog. *Id.* ¶74; Ex. Y. Defendant Agazarm admits executing this wire transfer.

Id. ¶75; Ex. Z. That same day, Defendant Eyman replied to an email notification he received of the \$308,185 transfer giving Defendant Agazarm and Edward Agazarm his "permission" to inform Roy Ruffino of the payment that Ruffino's own company had just made to the Eyman Defendants: "Share this with Roy if you'd like." Id. ¶76; Ex. AA. When asked about the \$308,185 payment during a deposition held on August 10, 2018, Mr. Ruffino refused to answer, citing 5th Amendment privilege. Id. ¶77; Ex. BB. During his deposition, Defendant Eyman also refused to answer questions concerning the payment, citing 5th Amendment protections. Id. ¶78; Ex. CC.

5. The Concealed Expenditures

The following chart lays out the five payments that were used to fund the kickback to Defendant Eyman. First Perkins Decl. ¶¶ 62, 68; see Ex. T. It is these five expenditures for which the Court is assessing the penalties described below.

Sponsor	Date Payment Posted to CS	Amount	Reported Description of Expenditure's Purpose
ASS'N OF WA BUSINESS PAC	6/28/2012	\$64,000.00 ⁵	SIGNATURE GATHERING
VOTERS WANT MORE CHOICES - SAVE THE 2/3RDS (MIKE FAGAN)	6/29/2012	\$45,000.00	SIGNATURE COLLECTION FOR 1185
WA WINE AND BEER WHOLESALERS	7/5/2012	\$27,150.00	NOT REPORTED AS IN- KIND CONTRIBUTION OR EXPENDITURE
ASS'N OF WA BUSINESS PAC	7/6/2012	\$45,000.00	GATHERING OF SIGNATURES
VOTERS WANT MORE CHOICES - SAVE THE 2/3RDS (MIKE FAGAN)	7/6/2012	\$170,825.00	SIGNATURE COLLECTION FOR 1185
		\$351,975.00	

⁵ \$43,790 of this \$64,000 payment from AWB PAC was used for Citizen Solutions, LLC's business operations, including paying petition management firms for I-1185 signatures. First Perkins Decl. ¶ 68 n.1. The remaining \$20,210.00 was used to fund the \$308,185 kickback to Eyman. *Id.*

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Documents indicate that the Citizen Solutions Defendants were aware of and actively participated in Defendant Eyman's compliented scheme to personally enrich himself with funds solicited from I-1185 supporters for needless payments to Defendant Citizen Solutions. *Id.* ¶ 79. This scheme is laid bare in Defendants' banking records and other documents. *Id.* The documents indicate that the Citizen Solutions Defendants were aware of and participated in Defendant Eyman's concealment, by helping to concoct a false rationale for their July 2012 kickback payment as a consulting expense. *Id.* Finally, the documents indicate that the Citizen Solutions Defendants were aware of and participated in Defendant Eyman's scheme to make concealed contributions to support I-517 through payments to Citizens in Charge. *Id.*

Contributors to the I-1185 effort believed their payments were necessary to qualify the initiative for the ballot. *Id.* ¶ 80. They did not intend their payments for signatures to compensate Defendant Eyman, or to support I-517. *Id.* They were not aware that Defendant Eyman was directing payments to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC so that the company could return the funds to Defendant Eyman. *Id.* Had they been aware of Defendants' scheme to misdirect their funds to Defendants Watchdog and Eyman, they would not have contributed to support I-1185. *Id. See* the declaration of Gary Chandler of the Association of Washington Business (Ex. DD); the declaration of John Guadnola, the Executive Director in 2012 of the Washington Beer and Wine Distributors Association (Ex. Q); and the declaration of Greg Hanon, a lobbyist who facilitated contributions in support of I-1185 from his clients (Ex. O).

Defendant Eyman's partners in VWMC, Jack and Mike Fagan, were similarly unaware that Defendant Eyman surreptitiously had Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC overcharge their committee for payments to compensate Defendant Eyman. *Id.* ¶ 81; *see* Ex. T. They were also

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unaware that they had been deceived by the Citizen Solutions Defendants into filing inaccurate reports to the PDC regarding the five expenditures listed above.

6. Further Intentional Concealment by Citizen Solutions Defendants in 2012

Further factual findings supporting the Court's finding of Citizen Solutions' intentional violation of the FCPA include the Citizen Solutions Defendants conspiring to obstruct the PDC's investigation. After accepting excess payments from I-1185 supporters and kicking those payments back to Defendant Eyman, the Citizen Solutions Defendants proactively concealed their complicity in Defendant Eyman's scheme from the state regulators who were investigating allegations regarding diversion of I-1185 contributions to the I-517 campaign. First Perkins Decl ¶82. On September 11, 2012, Defendant Agazarm sent an email to the PDC's Director of Compliance, discussing a complaint that had been filed against Defendant Eyman and the I-517 committee (to which a majority of Defendant Eyman's kickback was diverted). *Id.*; Ex. EE. The contents of this email were drafted by Defendant Eyman. *Id.* ¶83; Ex. FF. The email contains the draft of Defendant Agazarm's proposed statements, envisioned at that point as an email not to the PDC, but to I-1185 contributor the Association of Washington Business. *Id.*

In sending this same information to the PDC, Defendant Agazarm provided a list of deposits that Defendant Citizen Solutions received for I-1185 signatures. *Id.* ¶ 84. Defendant Agazarm told the state regulator that "every dollar went for I-1185." *Id.*; *see* Ex. EE. At the time of his September 11, 2012 email, Defendant Agazarm knew that his statement was false. *Id.* ¶ 85. He was aware that (1) Defendant Citizen Solutions accepted payments intended to support I-1185 knowing they would be used to fund a kickback to Defendant Eyman, (2) that the funds had in fact been used for that purpose, through a \$308,185 transfer to Defendant Watchdog on July 11, 2012, and (3) that prior to this July 11, 2012 payment, Defendant Eyman informed

Defendant Agazarm that he would be forwarding the funds to Paul Jacob to sponsor signatures for a different initiative (I-517). *Id.*; *see* Ex. R; Ex. Y; Ex. Z; Ex. W.

This was not the only time Defendant Agazarm would cooperate in Defendant Eyman's deception of the PDC. *Id.* ¶ 86. On September 11, 2012, Defendant Eyman sent an email to Defendant Agazarm containing the draft of an additional email that Defendant Agazarm would send to the PDC concerning the complaint that had been filed against Defendant Eyman's political committee. *Id.*; Ex. GG. In the email, Defendant Eyman indicated that he was gathering additional content for Defendant Agazarm's email. *Id.*

On September 12, 2012, Defendant Eyman sent an email to Defendant Agazarm, instructing him to delay sending his second email to the PDC until September 13, 2012. *Id.* ¶ 87; Ex. HH. On September 13, 2012, Defendant Agazarm sent an email to the PDC, communicating the information that Defendant Eyman provided to him, as instructed. *Id.* ¶ 88; Ex. II.

7. Additional, 2013, Concealment and Kickback Schemes: Initiatives to the Washington Legislature

Banking records produced pursuant to court order and documents that Defendant Eyman produced from his own computer show that the Citizen Solutions Defendants' schemes to divert political committee expenditures to Defendant Eyman for his personal use did not end in 2012, even after the State began to investigate these schemes. First Perkins Decl. ¶ 89. In 2013, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC accepted \$50,000 from Defendant Eyman's political committee Voters Want More Choices—No New Taxes 2013. *Id.* ¶ 90; Ex. JJ. No signatures were gathered as a result of this payment, and the payment was returned to Defendant Eyman's committee one month later on June 3, 2013. *Id.* However, Defendant Eyman's documents reveal an understanding shared among the Defendants, wherein if Defendant Eyman secured sufficient

(360) 709-6470

payments to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC for a 2013 signature drive, the payments would result in profit for Defendant Eyman personally. *Id.* ¶ 91.

On April 23, 2013, approximately one week before the \$50,000 payment from Defendant Eyman's political committee to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC, Edward Agazarm sent an email to Defendant Eyman, copied to Defendant Agazarm and Roy Ruffino. *Id.* ¶ 92. In his email, Edward Agazarm proposed a minimum of \$100,000 in profit to the member owners of Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC for Defendant Eyman's 2013 signature drive to qualify an initiative for presentation to the 2014 legislature. *Id.*; Ex. KK. Edward Agazarm then gave Defendant Eyman the option to "skip profit" on his own initiative, though he offered that "Profits above \$100/k could be split 3 ways." *Id.* Defendant Eyman replied to Edward Agazarm the same day, again copying Defendant Agazarm and Roy Ruffino. *Id.* Far from disputing Edward Agazarm's suggestion that he skim from Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC's profits, Defendant Eyman responded simply, "thanks. [T]his helps alot [sic] for planning/options." *Id.*

The same year, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC worked to gather signatures for I-591, an initiative to the 2014 legislature related to firearms. *Id.* ¶ 93. I-591 was not sponsored by Defendant Eyman or supported by his political committee, but Defendant Eyman and the Citizen Solutions Defendants still expected that Defendant Eyman would profit from payments made to Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC in connection with the initiative. *Id.* In an email to Defendant Agazarm sent on June 8, 2013, Edward Agazarm proposed a cost of \$1.50 per signature to "build the order" for the I-591 drive, plus a built-in profit for Defendant Agazarm, Roy Ruffino, and Defendant Eyman, split three ways: "Roy - William - Tim three way split \$1/sig (.33 each)" *Id.* ¶ 94; Ex. LL. In a reply sent the same day, Defendant Agazarm did not dispute that Defendant Eyman would realize a profit from the I-591 signature drive equal to himself and Roy

Ruffino. *Id.* Rather, Defendant Agazarm communicated that he would order the printing of petitions "Once we know this is a lock[.]" *Id.*

Later in the morning of June 9, 2013, Defendant Eyman replied to Edward Agazarm's June 8, 2013 email concerning the pricing structure for the I-591 signature drive. *Id.* ¶ 95; Ex. MM. Defendant Eyman responded favorably to the proposal, including the profit that he himself would realize from the contract: "sounds fine." *Id.*

Following the I-591 signature drive, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC did in fact make three roughly equal disbursements from the company's profits. *Id.* ¶ 96. On January 7, 2014, two \$28,400 checks to Defendant Agazarm and Roy Ruffino were paid from the company's account. *Id.*; Ex. NN. One day prior, Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC made a \$28,000 wire transfer, not to Defendant Eyman personally, but to the North Creek Law Firm, Mark Lamb's firm, which was then representing both the Eyman and the Citizen Solutions Defendants. *Id.*; Ex. OO.

In his deposition held on August 10, 2018, Roy Ruffino was asked whether any payments that Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC made to the North Creek Law Firm were ever intended to go to anyone other than the firm's sole attorney, Mark Lamb. *Id.* ¶ 97; *see* Ex. BB. Mr. Ruffino was then asked specifically whether any payments Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC made to the North Creek Law Firm were ever intended to go to Defendant Eyman. *Id.* On the advice of his attorney Mark Lamb, Mr. Ruffino refused to answer either question, invoking 5th Amendment protections against self-incrimination. *Id.* Other questions Mr. Ruffino refused to answer included questions about his awareness of Defendant Watchdog, whether Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC had ever worked with Defendant Watchdog, whether Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC had ever paid Defendant Watchdog any money, and whether Defendant Eyman had ever solicited financial gifts from Mr. Ruffino or Edward Agazarm. *Id.* ¶ 77; *see* Ex. BB, On

the advice of Mr. Lamb, Mr. Ruffino even refused to state whether he and Edward Agazarm had ever been business partners. *Id*.

All of this behavior shows the Citizen Solutions Defendants refusal to take responsibility for their wrongdoing and their active obstruction of the State's investigation.

The State's fees of \$562,789.48 and costs of \$43,310.26, as supported by the declarations referenced above, are reasonable in amount and were reasonably necessary to achieving the judgment in this matter.

IV. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

As supported by the Findings of Fact stated above, as well as the briefing and argument of the parties and the documents on file in this matter, this Court makes the following Conclusions of Law:

- The Court finds the Citizen Solutions Defendants have a long history of violating the FCPA.
- 2. Though it is not an exhaustive list of the Citizen Solutions' Defendants' violations of the FCPA, relevant to the penalties listed below, the Court finds that on at least five occasions, the Citizen Solutions Defendants violated RCW 42.17A.435 by concealing the true purpose of five expenditures in support of ballot proposition I-1185, as described above. That statute mandates, "[N]o expenditure shall be incurred, directly or indirectly, in a fictitious name, anonymously, or by one person through an agent, relative, or other person in such a manner as to conceal the identity of the source of the contribution or in any other manner so as to effect concealment." The five violative expenditures include two payments from the Association of Washington Business PAC totaling \$109,000, two payments from Voters Want More

- Choices Save the 2/3rds (Mike Fagan) totaling \$215,825, and one payment from the Washington Wine and Beer Wholesalers of \$27,150.
- 3. The Court finds that the Citizen Solutions Defendants' violations of the FCPA are particularly egregious, warranting a substantial penalty.
- 4. In determining the penalties in this matter, the Court has considered the nature of the violations and the relevant circumstances, and the factors listed in RCW 42.17A.750(1)(d), including, but not limited to, the factors listed below. Each factor relevant to this matter weighed in favor of assessment of the maximum per violation penalty.
- 5. The Court finds the Citizen Solutions Defendants' violations here are part of a pattern of violations, which resulted from a knowing and intentional effort to conceal, deceive, and mislead, and from collusive behavior as recognized by RCW 42.17A.750(1)(d)(i).
- 6. The Court finds the Citizen Solutions Defendants' violations here "had a significant or material impact on the public" pursuant to RCW 42.17A.750(1)(d)(ii). The public continued to contribute to the I-1185 campaign believing it was necessary to obtain enough signatures to qualify the initiative when in fact the signatures were already gathered and paid for, and the money was being collected to pay a kickback to Defendant Eyman. Donors would not have contributed funds if they had known they would be funneled to Defendant Eyman.
- 7. The Court finds the Citizen Solutions Defendants' violations here were despite their "[e]xperience with campaign finance law and procedures," pursuant to RCW 42.17A.750(1)(d)(iii). The Citizen Solutions Defendants had substantial

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- experience with campaign finance law and procedure. They were in the campaign business.
- 8. The Court finds the Citizen Solutions Defendants' benefited economically from the noncompliance, as recognized by RCW 42.17A.750(1)(d)(vi).
- 9. The Court finds the Citizen Solutions Defendants failed to cooperate with commission staff during enforcement action, and in fact obstructed commission staff through deceit. Further, the Citizen Solutions Defendants failed to demonstrate a wish to acknowledge and take responsibility for their violations, as recognized by RCW 42.17A.750(1)(d)(xii).
- 10. Based on the foregoing, the Court finds that this matter warrants the maximum penalty per violation against Defendant Agazarm. The Court hereby assesses a penalty of \$10,000 against Defendant Agazarm individually for each of the five violations described above, for a total base penalty of \$50,000. The Court recognizes that additional penalties based on the amount concealed could be assessed, and the Court has intentionally not added these penalties because the maximum per violation penalty has been assessed here.
- 11. Based on the foregoing, the Court finds that this matter warrants the maximum penalty per violation against Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC. The Court hereby assesses a penalty of \$10,000 against Defendant Citizen Solutions, LLC individually for each of the five violations described above, for a total base penalty of \$50,000. The Court recognizes that additional penalties based on the amount concealed could be assessed, and the Court has intentionally not added these penalties because the maximum per violation penalty has been assessed here.

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- 12. The violations found above are hereby found to have been intentional. The Court finds that the wrongful actions of the Citizen Solutions Defendants were committed with their knowledge that they were violating the FCPA and with the intent to violate the FCPA. Therefore, the penalties assessed above are hereby trebled as punitive damages pursuant to RCW 42.17A.780. As a result of the trebling, each of the Citizen Solutions Defendants is hereby assessed a total individual penalty of \$150,000.
- 13. Pursuant to RCW 42.17A.780 the State is entitled to the costs of the investigation and the litigation of this matter, including reasonable attorneys' fees in the amount of \$562,789.48 and other costs in the amount of \$43,310.26. Those amounts are hereby awarded to the State against both Citizen Solutions Defendants, jointly and severally.
- 14. This Court previously awarded to the State attorneys' fees in the amount of \$16,155.93, in addition to the fees stated above. That amount is hereby awarded to the State against both Citizen Solutions Defendants, jointly and severally.
- 15. On the date the default order was entered against the Citizen Solutions Defendants, the unpaid contempt sanctions under this Court's previous contempt orders totaled \$117,500. That amount is hereby awarded to the State against both Citizen Solutions

Defendants, jointly and severally.

(le. RCW 42. 17A. 750(1)(2) does not Limit Liability to \$10,000 per violation;

Rather, civil penalties way be judgment

by law.

THIS MATTER came on regularly before the undersigned judge of the above-entitled Court. Plaintiff, STATE OF WASHINGTON (STATE), appearing through its attorneys of record, ROBERT W. FERGUSON, Attorney General, ERIC S. NEWMAN, Chief Litigation Counsel – Antitrust Division, S. TODD SIPE, Assistant Attorney General, and PAUL M. CRISALLI, Assistant Attorney General, Defendants WILLIAM AGAZARM, individually and

as a principal of CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC; CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC, a Washington limited liability company, were represented by Mark Lamb. The Court, having reviewed the records and files herein, hereby **GRANTS** the State's Motion for Default Judgment under CR 55(b)(1) and (2), and it is hereby **ORDERED** as follows:

- Defendant WILLIAM AGAZARM, individually, is hereby assessed a civil penalty, under the provisions of RCW 42.17A.750 and RCW 42.17A.780, in the amount of \$150,000 payable to the State of Washington within 30 days of the entry of this Judgment.
- 2. Defendant CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC, a Washington limited liability company, is hereby assessed a civil penalty, under the provisions of RCW 42.17A.750 and RCW 42.17A.780, in the amount of \$150,000 payable to the State of Washington within 30 days of the entry of this Judgment.
- 3. Pursuant to this Court's previous orders, Defendants WILLIAM AGAZARM and CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC, shall be jointly and severally liable to pay to the State of Washington the amount of \$117,500 in previously awarded and unpaid contempt sanctions within 30 days of this Judgment.
- 4. Pursuant to this Court's previous order, Defendants WILLIAM AGAZARM and CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC, shall be jointly and severally liable to pay to the State of Washington the amount of \$16,155.93 in previously awarded and unpaid attorneys' fees within 30 days of this Judgment, in addition to the attorneys' fee award below.
- 5. As authorized under RCW 42.17A.780, Defendants WILLIAM AGAZARM and CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC, shall be jointly and severally liable to pay to the State of Washington the amount of \$562,789.48 as reasonable attorneys' fees, in addition to those awarded above, and \$43,310.26 as costs within 30 days of this Judgment.

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Consistent with CR 54(b), the Court determines and directs that this judgment be entered as
a final judgment as to the following defendants: WILLIAM AGAZARM, individually and
CITIZEN SOLUTIONS, LLC, individually. The Court finds that there is no just reason for
delay. Because liability was established against the Citizen Solutions Defendants by default,
there is no relation between the claims adjudicated here and the claims against the remaining
defendants. The action against the remaining defendants will not affect the liability of or the
penalties against the Citizen Solutions Defendants, and no issue remains to be decided that
would affect the rights of the Citizen Solutions Defendants. The entry of judgment against
the Citizen Solutions Defendants will not delay the trial of the unadjudicated matters against
the remaining defendants. The Court finds that the State should be delayed no further in
obtaining the relief provided above. The Court finds the remaining issues to be decided as to
the remaining defendants can easily be decided separately, and there is nothing that would
prevent the entry of separate judgments as to those defendants. The Court finds that the
interests of justice and judicial economy weigh in favor of entering a final judgment as to the
Citizen Solutions Defendants now.

DONE EN-OPEN-COURT this 29th day of September 2019.

JUDGE JAMES J. DIXON

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1	PRESENTED BY:
2	ROBERT W. FERGUSON Attorney General
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5	ERIC S. NEWMAN, WSBA #31521
6	Chief Litigation Counsel – Antitrust Division S. TODD SIPE, WSBA #23203
7	PAUL M. CRISALLI, WSBA #40681 Assistant Attorneys General
8	Attorneys for Plaintiff State of Washington
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